

Material group	–	Page 1 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	Revision: March 2021
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes May 2020

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tribenuron-methyl 50SG

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a ♣.

♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1. **Product identifier** **Tribenuron-methyl 50SG**
Contains tribenuron-methyl
- 1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Can be used as herbicide only.
- 1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** **FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S**
 Thyborønvej 78
 DK-7673 Harboøre
 Denmark
SDS.Ronland@fmc.com
- 1.4. **Emergency telephone number**
- Medical emergencies:
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Austria: +43 1 406 43 43 | Malta: 112 |
| Belgium: +32 70 245 245 | Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88 |
| Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409 | Norway: +47 22 591300 |
| Cyprus: 1401 | Poland: +48 22 619 66 54 |
| Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293 | +48 22 619 08 97 |
| +420 224 915 402 | Portugal: 800 250 250 (in Portugal only) |
| Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12 | +351 21 330 3284 |
| England and Wales: 111 | Romania: +40 21318 3606 |
| Estonia: +372 7943500 | Scotland: +8454 24 24 24 |
| Finland: +358 9 471 977 | Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166 |
| France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 | Slovenia: +386 41 650 500 |
| Greece: 30 210 77 93 777 | South Africa: +27 83 123 3911 (Bateleur Emergency Response Co.) |
| Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99 | Spain: +34 91 562 04 20 |
| Ireland (Republic): +353 1 837 9964 | Sweden: +46 08-331231 |
| Italy: +39 02 6610 1029 | 112 |
| Latvia: +371 670 42 473 | Switzerland: 145 |
| 112 | Turkey: 114 |
| Lithuania: +370 523 62052 | U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 331-3148 |
| +370 687 53378 | All other countries: +1 651 632-6793 (Collect) |
| Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500 | |

Material group	–	Page 2 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

For fire, leak, spill or other accident emergencies:

U.S.A.: +1 800 424-9300 (CHEMTREC – U.S.A.)
 All other countries: +1 703 741-5970 (CHEMTREC – International)

♣ SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
 Sensitisation – skin: Category 1B (H317)
 Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 2 (H373)
 Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)
 chronic: Category 1 (H410)

WHO classification Class U (unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use).

Health hazards The product has a weak potential to cause allergic sensitisation. On prolonged or repeated exposure, adverse effects may occur.

Environmental hazards The product is expected to be toxic to most plants.

2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Product identifier Tribenuron-methyl 50SG
 Contains tribenuron-methyl

Hazard pictograms (GHS07, GHS08, GHS09)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplementary hazard statement

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust or vapours.
 P280 Wear protective gloves.
 P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
 P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
 P501 Dispose of contents and container as hazardous waste.

2.3. Other hazards None of the ingredients in the product meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

Material group	–	Page 3 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

♣ SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 3.1. **Substances** The product is a mixture, not a substance.
- 3.2. **Mixtures** See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

Active ingredient

Tribenuron-methyl	Content: 50% by weight
CAS name	Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)methyl-amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester
CAS no.	101200-48-0
IUPAC name	Methyl 2-[4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl(methyl)carbamoyl-sulfamoyl]benzoate
ISO name/EU name	Tribenuron-methyl
EC no. (ELINCS no.)	401-190-1
EU index no.	In 30 th amendment to Dir. 67/548/EEC: 613-265-00-3 In 1 st amendment to Reg. 1272/2008: 607-177-00-9
Molecular weight	395.39
Classification of the ingredient	Skin sensitisation: Category 1B (H317) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 2 (H373) Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400), M-factor 100 chronic: Category 1 (H410), M-factor 100

Reportable ingredients

	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no. (EINECS no.)	Classification
Trisodium phosphate Reg. no. 01-2119489800-32	10 - 20		231-509-8	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335)
Sodium carbonate Reg. no. 01-2119485498-19	5 - 10	497-19-8	207-838-8	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
Lignin, alkali, reaction products with disodium sulphite and formaldehyde	1	105859-97-0	None	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

♣ SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. **Description of first aid measures**

Inhalation	If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.
Skin contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Flush skin with water. Wash with water and soap. See physician if any symptom develops.
Eye contact	Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution,

Material group	–	Page 4 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion Inducing vomiting is not recommended. Let the exposed person rinse mouth and drink water or milk. If vomiting does occur, let him/her rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Call a doctor or get medical attention immediately.

4.2. **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Possibly allergic reactions.

4.3. **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** Immediate medical attention is required in case of ingestion
 It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

Note to physician A specific antidote against this substance is not known. Gastric lavage and/or administration of activated charcoal can be considered. After decontamination, treatment is supportive and symptomatic. Possible mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. **Extinguishing media** Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.

5.2. **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture** The essential breakdown products are volatile, toxic, irritant and inflammable compounds such as nitrogen oxides, sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

5.3. **Advice for firefighters** Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):
 1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
 2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
 3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical

Material group	–	Page 5 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

resistant clothing, gloves and rubber boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Reduce and avoid formation of airborne dust as much as possible, if appropriate by moistening. Remove sources of ignition.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Surface water drains should be covered if appropriate. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should immediately be swept up or preferably vacuumed up using equipment with high efficiency final filter. Transfer to suitable containers. Clean area with strong industrial detergent and much water. Absorb wash liquid onto inert absorbent such as universal binder, Fuller's earth, bentonite or other absorbent clay and collect in suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection.
 See section 13 for disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

In an industrial environment, it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.

Material group	–	Page 6 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.

Keep in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

The product is a registered pesticide which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Personal exposure limits To our knowledge not established for the active ingredients or any other component in this product. An exposure limit of 10 mg/m³ (8-hr TWA) is recommended for other sulphonylureas. However, personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

Tribenuron-methyl

DNEL Not established
 The EFSA has established an AOEL of 0.05 mg/kg bw/day
 PNEC, aquatic environment 0.10 µg/l

Trisodium phosphate

DNEL, inhalation, systemic 4.07 mg/m³
 PNEC, aquatic environment No hazard identified

Sodium carbonate

DNEL, inhalation 10 mg/m³
 PNEC, aquatic environment No data available

8.2. Exposure controls

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use

Material group	–	Page 7 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be recommended for spraying as well.

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection equipment may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.



Respiratory protection

The product does not automatically present an airborne exposure concern during normal handling, but in the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or dust, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves

Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these materials for the product are unknown, but it is expected that they will give adequate protection.



Eye protection

Wear safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

♣ SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid
Colour	Light brown
Odour	Mild
Melting point/freezing point	Tribenuron-methyl : 141°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes
Flammability	Not highly flammable; does not sustain combustion
Lower and upper explosive limit ..	Not determined
Flash point	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined

Material group	–	Page 8 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

Decomposition temperature	Tribenuron-methyl : starting from 138°C
pH	10 g/l dispersion in water: 8.9 at 20°C
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined
Solubility	The product is soluble in water
	Solubility of tribenuron-methyl in:
	acetone 43.8 g/l
	hexane 0.028 g/l
	water 0.028 g/l at pH 4 and 25°C
	0.050 g/l at pH 5 and 25°C
	0.280 g/l at pH 6 and 25°C
	2.040 g/l at pH 7 and 20°C
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Tribenuron-methyl : log K_{ow} = 2.3 at pH 1.5 log K_{ow} = 2.25 at pH 4.0 log K_{ow} = 2.0 at pH 5.0 log K_{ow} = 1.25 at pH 6.0 log K_{ow} = -0.44 at pH 7.0
Vapour pressure	Tribenuron-methyl : 5.33×10^{-7} Pa at 25°C
Density and/or relative density	Bulk density, packed: 0.640 g/cm ³
Relative vapour density	Not determined
Particle characteristics	Granules

9.2. **Other information**..... No more relevant information is available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	To our knowledge, the product has no special reactivities.
10.2. Chemical stability	The product is stable during normal handling and storage at ambient temperatures.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Heating of the product may evolve harmful and irritant vapours.
10.5. Incompatible materials	None known.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See subsection 5.2.

♣ SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. **Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008** * = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product

Acute toxicity The product is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * However, it should always be treated with the usual care of handling chemicals. The acute toxicity is measured on the product as:

Material group	–	Page 9 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg
	- skin	LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
	- inhalation	LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: not available
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...		Weakly sensitising to skin (method OECD 406).
Germ cell mutagenicity		The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *
Carcinogenicity		The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *
Reproductive toxicity		The product contains no ingredients found to have adverse effects on reproduction. *
STOT – single exposure		To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. *
STOT – repeated exposure		The following has been measured on the active ingredient tribenuron-methyl: Target organ: no specific target organ LOEL: 80 mg/kg bw/day in a rabbit developmental study based on increased mortality.
Aspiration hazard		The product contains no ingredients known to present an aspiration pneumonia hazard. *
Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed		Possibly allergic reactions. To our knowledge, adverse effects in humans have not been reported. The product is not expected to cause severe adverse effects to health, but adverse health effects cannot be excluded in case of massive exposure.
<u>Tribenuron-methyl</u>		
Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution		Tribenuron-methyl is rapidly absorbed after oral intake, widely distributed in the body and extensively metabolised. Excretion is rapid, within a few days. No indication of bioaccumulation is found.
Acute toxicity		The substance is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 425)
	- skin	LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
	- inhalation	LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: > 5.14 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation		May cause mild, transient irritation to skin (method OECD 404). *
Serious eye damage/irritation		May cause mild, transient irritation to eyes (method OECD 405). *

Material group	–	Page 10 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... The substance was found to be a weak sensitizer in guinea pigs (method OECD 406). It was not sensitising in the Local Lymph Node Assay (method OECD 429).

Trisodium phosphate

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

Both sodium and phosphate ions are essential body constituents and are regulated within narrow ranges. These ranges will not be exceeded, except locally in unusual situations such as accidents. Generally, a high phosphate diet is not considered healthy, but this is not relevant for circumstances at the workplace.

Acute toxicity The substance is not considered as harmful by single exposure. *

Skin corrosion/irritation Results of animal tests indicate that the substance is not irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation Irritating to eyes (method EPA OTS 798.4500).

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising (method OECD 429). *

Sodium carbonate

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution

Both sodium and carbonate ions are normal constituents in the body and regulated between narrow ranges. These ranges will not be exceeded, except locally in unusual situations such as accidents.

Acute toxicity The substance is not considered as harmful by single exposure. *

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *

Serious eye damage/irritation Several tests have been performed with varying results. The weight of evidence is that the substance is irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... To our knowledge, no indications of allergenic effects have been reported. *

Lignin, alkali, reaction products with disodium sulphite and formaldehyde

Acute toxicity The substance is not considered as harmful by single exposure. *

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating to skin. *

Serious eye damage/irritation May cause eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not a skin sensitizer. *

11.2. **Information on other hazards** No more relevant information is available.

♣ SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. **Toxicity** The product is very toxic to aquatic plants. It is considered as non-

Material group	–	Page 11 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, soil micro- and macroorganisms, birds, mammals and insects.

The ecotoxicity of the product is measured as:

- Fish	Rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	96-h LC ₅₀ : > 120 mg/l
- Invertebrates	Daphnids (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)	48-h EC ₅₀ : > 120 mg/l
- Algae	Green algae (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>) ...	72-h E _r C ₅₀ : > 0.080 mg/l
- Plants	Duckweed (<i>Lemna gibba</i>)	7-day E _r C ₅₀ : 6.52 µg/l

12.2. **Persistence and degradability** **Tribenuron-methyl** is not persistent in the environment. Primary degradation half-lives vary with circumstances, from a few days to a few weeks in aerobic water and soil. Its metabolites are considered as persistent.

The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable ingredients, which may not be degradable in wastewater treatment plants.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** See section 9 for n-octanol/water partition coefficients.

Due to its relatively high solubility in water, **tribenuron-methyl** does not bioaccumulate.

12.4. **Mobility in soil** Under normal conditions, **tribenuron-methyl** is of high to intermediate mobility in soil.

12.5. **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

12.6. **Endocrine disrupting properties** None of the ingredients is known to have endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7. **Other adverse effects** Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. **Waste treatment methods** Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.

Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.

Disposal of product According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not possible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.

Material group	–	Page 12 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Disposal of packaging

It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:
 1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. Reuse is prohibited except by the authorisation holder. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.
 2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
 3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.
 4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill, containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

♣ SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

- 14.1. **UN number** 3077
- 14.2. **UN proper shipping name** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (tribenuron-methyl)
- 14.3. **Transport hazard class(es)** 9
- 14.4. **Packing group** III
- 14.5. **Environmental hazards** Marine pollutant
- 14.6. **Special precautions for user** Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse can result in damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment.
- 14.7. **Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** .. The product is not transported in bulk by ship.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- 15.1. **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**
 Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): dangerous for the environment.
 Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to work with the product.
 All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.
- 15.2. **Chemical safety assessment** A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.

Material group	–	Page 13 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet

Classification has been adapted to EU regulation 2020/1182.

List of abbreviations

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
 CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
 Dir. Directive
 DNEL Derived No Effect Level
 EC European Community
 EC₅₀ 50% Effect Concentration
 E_rC₅₀ 50% Effect Concentration based on growth
 EFSA European Food Safety Authority
 EINECS European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
 ELINCS European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances
 EPA OTS Office of Technology Solutions, Environmental Protection Agency, US
 Eye Irrit. Eye Irritation
 GHS Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, seventh revised edition 2017
 IMO International Maritime Organisation
 ISO International Organisation for Standardization
 IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
 LC₅₀ 50% Lethal Concentration
 LD₅₀ 50% Lethal Dose
 LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level
 M-factor Multiplication factor
 n.o.s. Not otherwise specified
 OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
 PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
 PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
 Reg. Registration, or Regulation
 SG Water Soluble Granules
 Skin Irrit. Skin Irritation
 STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
 STOT SE Specific Target Organ Toxicity by Single Exposure
 TWA Time Weighted Average
 vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
 WHO World Health Organisation

References

Data measured on the product are unpublished company data. Data on ingredients are available from published literature and can be found several places.

Method for classification

Test data

Used hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Material group	–	Page 14 of 14
Product name	Tribenuron-methyl 50SG	March 2021

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.

Advice on training This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S / GHB