

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 1 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes September 2016

SAFETY DATA SHEET 8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a .

♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier 8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/l EC

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Can be used as a plant growth regulator only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CHEMINOVA A/S

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark

SDS.Ronland@fmc.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

(+45) 97 83 53 53 (24 h; for emergencies only) *Company*

Medical emergencies:

Austria: +43 1 406 43 43 Belgium: +32 70 245 245 Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409

Cyprus: 1401

Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293

+420 224 915 402

Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12 France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 Finland: +358 9 471 977 Greece: 30 210 77 93 777 Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99

Ireland (Republic): +352 1 809 2166

Italy: +39 02 6610 1029 Lithuania: +370 523 62052 +370 687 53378

Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500

Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88

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Portugal: 808 250 143 (in Portugal only) +351 21 330 3284

Romania: +40 21318 3606 Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166 Slovenia: +386 41 650 500 Spain: +34 91 562 04 20 Sweden: +46 08-331231

112

Switzerland: 145

United Kingdom: 0870 600 6266 (in the UK only) U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148 (PROSAR)

All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (PROSAR - Collect)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Eye irritation: Category 2 (H319) Sensitisation – skin: Category 1B (H317)

Hazards to the aquatic environment, chronic: Category 3 (H412)



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 2 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

WHO classification Class U (unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use)

Health hazards The product has irritating properties. It may be allergenic to certain

individuals.

Environmental hazards The product is harmful to aquatic organisms.

2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Hazard pictogram (GHS07)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplementary hazard statement

instructions of use.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

or vPvB.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. **Substances** The product is a mixture, not a substance.

<u>Active ingredient</u>

Trinexapac-ethyl Content: 25% by weight

dioxo-, ethyl ester



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 3 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

♣ SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Note to physician

Inhalation If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Get medical attention if discomfort does not disappear. Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Flush skin with water. Wash with water and soap. See physician if any symptom develops. Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, Eye contact occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician if irritation persists. Inducing vomiting is not recommended. Rinse mouth and drink Ingestion several glasses of water or milk. If vomiting does occur, rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Consult a physician. 4.2. Most important symptoms and To our knowledge, adverse effects in humans have not been reported. effects, both acute and delayed Eye contact can result in irritation. In animal tests, reduced activity and shortness of breath were seen at high exposure. 4.3. Indication of any immediate Immediate medical attention is required in case of ingestion of a large quantity of the product. medical attention and special treatment needed It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

activated charcoal can be considered.

A specific antidote against this substance is not known. Treatment is as for a general chemical. Gastric lavage and/or administration of



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 4 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

♣ SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.2. **Special hazards arising from the** substance or mixture

The essential breakdown products are carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-

contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):

- 1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
- 2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
- 3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and rubber boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Avoid and reduce vapour and mist formation as much as possible.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Surface water drains should be covered if appropriate. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an absorptive material such as universal binder, hydrated lime, Fuller's earth or other absorbent clays. Collect the contaminated absorbent in suitable containers. Clean area with much water and industrial detergent. Absorb wash liquid onto absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 5 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection. See section 13 for disposal.

♣ SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

In an industrial environment it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a plant growth regulator, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.

Keep in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. **Specific end use(s)**

The product is a registered plant growth regulator which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 6 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

♣ SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Personal exposure limits

To our knowledge not established for any of the ingredients in the product. However, personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

Trinexapac-ethyl

DNEL, systemic

0.34 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC, aquatic environment 41 μ g/l

8.2. Exposure controls

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the use solution, but can be recommended for final use as well.

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection equipment may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.



Respiratory protection

The product does not automatically present an airborne exposure concern during normal handling, but in the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or mist, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves

Wear natural rubber gloves if much manual labour with the product is required. The breakthrough time of this material for the product is unknown, but it is expected that it will give adequate protection.



Eye protection

Wear safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 7 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on physical and chemical properties

Appearance Yellow or brown transparent liquid

Melting point/freezing point Not determined Initial boiling point and boiling range Not determined

Trinexapac-ethyl : decomposes

Flammability (solid/gas) Not applicable (liquid)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits Not determined

Solubility (ies) Solubility of **trinexapac-ethyl** at 25°C in:

 $\begin{array}{lll} acetone & >500 & g/l \\ hexane & 45 & g/l \end{array}$

water 1.1 g/l at pH 3.5

2.8 g/l at pH 4.9 10.2 g/l at pH 5.5 21.1 g/l at pH 8.2

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water Trinexapac-ethyl : $\log K_{ow} = 1.5$ at pH 5 and 25°C

 $log K_{ow}$ = -0.29 at pH 6.9 and 25°C $log K_{ow}$ = -2.1 at pH 8.9 and 25°C

9.2. Other information

Miscibility The product is dispersible in water.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.2. Chemical stability The product is stable during normal handling and storage at ambient

temperatures.

10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions** None known.

10.4. **Conditions to avoid** Heating of the product will evolve harmful and irritant vapours.

10.5. **Incompatible materials** None known.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 8 of 12
Product name	roduct name 8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products** See subsection 5.2.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECI	SECTION 11; TOAICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
11.1.	Information on toxicological effects	* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
	Product Acute toxicity	The substance is not expected to be harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed.* The acute toxicity of the product is measured as:			
	Route(s) of entry - ingestion	LD_{50} , oral, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 423)			
	- skin	LD_{50} , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)			
	- inhalation	LC_{50} , inhalation, rat: > 5.08 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)			
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *			
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritating to eyes (method OECD 405).			
	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Sensitising to skin (method OECD 429).			
	Germ cell mutagenicity	The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *			
	Carcinogenicity	The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *			
	Reproductive toxicity	The product contains no ingredients known to have adverse effects on reproduction. *			
	STOT – single exposure	To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. *			
	STOT – repeated exposure	The following was measured on the active ingredient trinexapac-ethyl: The major effects seen after repeated dosing were decreased body and organ weights. A LOAEL of 346 mg/kg bw/day was seen in a 13-week oral rat study (method: OECD 408), based on reduced food consumption, reduced body weight gain and kidney effects. *			
	Aspiration hazard	The product does not present an aspiration hazard.*			
	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	To our knowledge, adverse effects in humans have not been reported. Eye contact can result in irritation. In animal tests, reduced activity and shortness of breath were seen at high exposure.			
	<u>Trinexapac-ethyl</u> Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	After oral administration, trinexapac-ethyl is rapidly absorbed in the body and mostly distributed to kidneys, liver and plasma. It is only partially metabolised and rapidly excreted. There is no evidence of accumulation.			



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 9 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising (method: OECD 406). *

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

considered as non-toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, birds, mammals,

insects and soil micro- and macroorganisms.

The ecotoxicity of the product is measured as:

12.2. **Persistence and degradability** **Trinexapac-ethyl** does not meet the criteria for being readily

biodegradable, but it is degraded in the environment. Primary half-life time is usually less than 1 day in soil. Degradation products are further degraded, but slower. Degradation occurs mainly microbiologically.

The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable ingredients which may not be degradable in waste water treatment

plants.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficients.

The potential for bioaccumulation is low, as the bioaccumulation

factor of trinexapac-ethyl is 6 for whole fish.

soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 10 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging 13.1. Waste treatment methods should be regarded as hazardous waste.

Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with

all applicable local regulations.

Disposal of product According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC),

> possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with

flue gas scrubbing.

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or

disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the Disposal of packaging

following order:

1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.

2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for

combustible packaging materials.

3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.

4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

♣ SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

14.1.	UN number	 Not classified for as hazardous material for transpor	t

14.2. UN proper shipping name Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable

14.4. **Packing group** Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards Harmful to aquatic organisms

14.6. Special precautions for user Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Do not discharge to

the environment.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690

www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 11 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC code The product is not transported in bulk by ship.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to work with the

product.

All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

product.

 EC_{50}

♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet

Minor corrections only.

List of abbreviations

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

Dir. Directive

Derived No Effect Level DNEL EC Emulsifiable Concentrate, or

European Community 50% Effect Concentration

EINECS European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances

GHS Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System

of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013

IBC International Bulk Chemical code IC_{50} 50% Inhibition Concentration

ISO International Organisation for Standardization International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry **IUPAC**

50% Lethal Concentration LC_{50}

 $LD_{50} \\$ 50% Lethal Dose

LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

MARPOL Set of rules from the International Maritime Organisation

(IMO) for prevention of sea pollution

No Observed Effect Concentration **NOEC**

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic **PNEC** Predicted No Effect Concentration

Reg. Regulation

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WHO World Health Organisation

References

Data measured on the product are unpublished company data. Data on ingredients are available from published literature and can be found several places.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	88C/8830-02	Page 12 of 12
Product name	8830-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 250 g/I EC	
		June 2017

Method for classification Eye irritation: test data Sensitisation – skin: test data Hazards to the aquatic environment: calculation rules Used hazard statements H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. H319 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use. Advice on training This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: FMC Corporation / Cheminova A/S / GHB